

Section 1. Identification				
Product identifier				
Product Identity	AL-CEM, AL-CEM/XT, AL-CEM/XTW, AL-CEM Super			
Other means of identification	Single part, water-based alumina cements.			
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture a	and uses advised against			
	Adhesive and coating of thermal and electrical insulation and other refractory materials used primarily at high temperatures.			
Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet				
Company Name	ZIRCAR Ceramics, Inc			
	P.O. Box 519			
	Florida, NY 10921 www.zircarceramics.com sales@zircarceramics.com			
Emergency				
24 hour Emergency Telephone No.	CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300 (USA/Canada), (703) 527- 3887 (International)			
Customer Service:	(845) 651-6600			

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture under OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (1910.1200) revised 2024 (GHS revision 7).

The substance is not classified according to the OSHA Hazcom or WHMIS regulations.

Label elements

The substance is not classified according to the OSHA Hazcom or WHMIS regulations.

[Prevention]

No GHS prevention statements

[Response]

No GHS response statements

[Storage]

No GHS storage statements

[Disposal]

No GHS disposal statements

Other hazards

This product contains no PBT/vPvB/vPvM chemicals. This product contains no endocrine disrupting chemicals.



Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (1910.1200) revised 2024 (GHS revision 7).

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Aluminum oxide CAS Number: 1344-28-1 Synonyms: ALUMINUM OXIDE (AL2 O3), Aluminum oxide (fibrous forms)	80 - 100	Not Classified	
Amorphous Silica CAS Number: 7631-86-9 Synonyms: Silica dioxide	3 - 7	Not Classified	

The actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret.

*PBT/vPvB - PBT, vPvM or vPvB-substance.

The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give artificial respiration. If unconscious, place in the recovery position and obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.
Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical attention.
Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a recognized skin cleanser.
If swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
ms and effects, both acute and delayed
Note to Physicians: Aluminum Oxide dusts have caused no systemic or pathological problems. The material is inert in the body. Some individuals may experience allergic sensitivity reactions. These are generally limited to mild occupational dermatitis. Chronic inhalation may result in pleural plaques not associated with cancers. Other effects principally derived from physical abrasion. These products contain a small percentage of amorphous silica, however, not in sufficient quantity to produce free crystalline silica upon heating. Dusts are therefore considered of the inert (nuisance) type and would not be expected to cause permanent damage to tissues on inhalation unless the exposure is severe. Chronic exposure may produce radioplaque deposits in the pulmonary system with little or no parenchymal reactions. Some individuals may exhibit allergenic reactions ranging from asthmatic symptoms to benign pneumoconiosis. Treat symptomatically.



Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Recommended extinguishing media; alcohol resistant foam, CO², powder, water spray. Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use; water jet.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: No hazardous decomposition data available.

Advice for fire-fighters

As with all fires, wear positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus, (SCBA) with a full face piece and protective clothing. Persons without respiratory protection should leave area. Wear SCBA during clean-up immediately after fire. No smoking.

ERG Guide No.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Liquid materials should be cleaned up using sponge, mop or cloth. Clean up procedures should minimize formation of airborne dusts. Remove dust by vacuuming using HEPA filtration where possible.

Release into Air: Prevent release of airborne particulates where possible. Do not blow dust around. Not a regulated hazardous substance. See Section 8 for appropriate engineering controls.

Release into Water: Release into water is not appropriate. Not a regulated hazardous substance.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

These materials should be stored in a sealed container.

Normal Use: Materials are stable under normal use and are not expected to produce significant hazardous byproducts or emissions.

Machining and Cutting: After dried, these materials may produce respirable and nuisance dusts when machined or cut. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection during machining or installation procedures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

High Temperature Conditions: Service significantly above the product design temperature may increase friability and the possibility of generating airborne dust. While not considered problematic during use, such dust may complicate removal activities. It is recommended that product use be carefully matched to design parameters.



After Service: Appropriate ventilation and respiratory protection should be provided in compliance with OSHA standards. Strict adherence to recommended safe work practices is advised. Product removal must consider possible pickup of contaminants found where used and the possibility of usage above design temperatures. See Section 8 for appropriate respiratory protection during removal of material the subject of this SDS.

Incompatible materials: Powerful oxidizers; fluorine, chlorine trifluoride, manganese trioxide, oxygen difluoride, etc.

Specific end use(s)

No data available.

Section 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure					
CAS No. Ingredient Source Value					
1344-28-1	Aluminum oxide	OSHA	15 mg/m ³ (total dust), 5 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)		
		ACGIH	No Established Limit		
		NIOSH	no established RELs		
7631-86-9	Amorphous Silica	OSHA	TWA 20 mppcf (80 mg/m ³ /%SiO2)		
		ACGIH	No Established Limit		
		NIOSH	TWA 6 mg/m ³		

Exposure controls

Respiratory	Use appropriate protection pursuant to OSHA 29CFR 1910.134 and 29CFR 1926.103. The following information is provided as a guide and reflects industry recommendations for control of dust. PPE < 1.0 f/cc No specific recommendation, use personal protective equipment based on local conditions. PPE 1.0 f/cc to 5.0 f/cc Half-face, air purifying respirator equipped with a high efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filter cartridge. PPE 5.0 to 25 f/cc Full-face, air purifying respirator equipped with a high efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filter cartridge PPE > 25 f/cc Full-face, positive pressure, supplied air respirator.
Eyes	Wear safety glasses or chemical goggles to prevent eye contact. Do not wear contact lenses without goggles. Do not get dust or liquids into eyes. Have eye washing facilities available when using products
Skin	Wear gloves, head coverings and full body clothing to prevent skin irritation. Disposable clothing may be used. Store work clothes and street clothes separately
Engineering Controls	Use dust suppression controls. Local exhaust ventilation, point of generation dust collection and/or down-draft work stations to minimize airborne dust generation are recommended when machining product threated with these materials.
Other Work Practices	Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid
Color	White, Viscous
Odor	Slightly Acidic
Melting point / freezing point	>1871C (3400F) Dried
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not Available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower Explosive Limit: Not Available
	Upper Explosive Limit: Not Available
Flash Point	Not Available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not Available
Decomposition temperature	Not Available
рН	5
Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Solubility in Water	Not Available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	Not Available
Vapor pressure (Pa)	Not Available
Relative Density	1.95 - 2.06
Vapor Density	Not Available
Evaporation rate (Ether = 1)	Not Available
VOC Content	Not Available
Other information	
No other relevant information.	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityHazardous Polymerization will not occur.Chemical stabilityStable under normal circumstances.Possibility of hazardous reactionsNo data available.Conditions to avoidNo data available.Incompatible materialsPowerful oxidizers; fluorine, chlorine trifluoride, manganese trioxide, oxygen difluoride, etc.Hazardous decomposition productsNo hazardous decomposition data available.



Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm	
Aluminum oxide - (1344-28-1)	> 15,900.00, Rat - Category: NA	No data available.	No data available.	> 0.89, Rat - Category: NA	No data available.	
Amorphous Silica - (7631-86-9)	> 5,000.00, Rat - Category: NA	> 5,000.00, Rabbit - Category: NA	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.	

Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
1344-28-1	Aluminum oxide	OSHA	Regulated Carcinogen: No;
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No;
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No;
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
7631-86-9	Amorphous Silica	OSHA	Regulated Carcinogen: No;
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No;
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: Yes;
		ACGIH	No Established Limit

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)		Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation		Not Applicable
Serious eye damage/irritation		Not Applicable
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable
Skin sensitization		Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity		Not Applicable
Reproductive toxicity		Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure		Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure		Not Applicable
Aspiration hazard		Not Applicable

Possible routes of entry: No data available.

Symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Note to Physicians: Aluminum Oxide dusts have caused no systemic or pathological problems. The material is inert in the body. Some individuals may experience allergic sensitivity reactions. These are generally limited to mild



occupational dermatitis. Chronic inhalation may result in pleural plaques not associated with cancers. Other effects principally derived from physical abrasion. These products contain a small percentage of amorphous silica, however, not in sufficient quantity to produce free crystalline silica upon heating. Dusts are therefore considered of the inert (nuisance) type and would not be expected to cause permanent damage to tissues on inhalation unless the exposure is severe. Chronic exposure may produce radioplaque deposits in the pulmonary system with little or no parenchymal reactions. Some individuals may exhibit allergenic reactions ranging from asthmatic symptoms to benign pneumoconiosis. Treat symptomatically.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

No additional information provided for this product. See Section 3 for chemical specific data. Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/L	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/L	ErC50 algae, mg/L
Aluminum oxide - (1344-28-1)	114.97, Channa marulius	1.90, Ceriodaphnia dubia	0.57, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
Amorphous Silica - (7631-86-9)	1,033.02, Fishes species	512.08, Daphnid species	> 10,000.00, Desmodesmus subspicatus

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

Bioaccumulative potential Not Available Mobility in soil No data available. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This product contains no PBT/vPvB/vPvM chemicals. Other adverse effects No data available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste should not be released to sewers. Observe all federal, state, and local regulations when disposing of this substance.



Section 14. Transport information

	DOT (Domestic Surface Transportation)	IMO / IMDG (Ocean Transportation)	ICAO/IATA
UN number	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated
UN proper shipping name	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated
Transport hazard class(es)	DOT Hazard Class: Not Applicable Sub Class: Not Applicable	IMDG: Not Applicable Sub Class: Not Applicable	Air Class: Not Applicable Sub Class: Not Applicable
Packing group	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Environmental hazards	S		
	Marine Pollutant: No:		

Special precautions for user

Not Applicable

Section 15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Overview The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected regulations are represented.

Classification of the substance or mixture under OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (1910.1200) revised 2024 (GHS revision 7).

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)

CAS Number	Ingredient	Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)	Comments	Status
0001344-28-1	Aluminum oxide	Yes		ACTIVE
0007631-86-9	Amorphous Silica	Yes		ACTIVE

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Aluminum oxide

Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.



Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 Label Warning:

This product contains no chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 16. Other information

Revision Date

11/27/2024

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

Not Applicable

Disclaimer: The information presented herein is supplied as a guide to those who handle or use this product. Safe work practices must be employed when working with any materials. It is important that the end user makes a determination regarding the adequacy of the safety procedures employed during the use of this product.

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